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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/667,746	09/22/2003	Michael J. Stevenson	STEV-110C	1895
37317 ROBERT E. S'	7590 02/20/2007 TD A LISS	EXAMINER		
	APARRAL LOOP	PARKER, FREDERICK JOHN		
PRESCOTT, A	AZ 86303		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1762	
	•		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			02/20/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/667,746	STEVENSON ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
Frederick J. Parker	1762		

		riedelick J. Palkei	1702	
-	The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence add	lress
THE RE	EPLY FILED <u>25 January 2007</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS A	APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOF	R ALLOWANCE.	
th pl	ne reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or only is application, applicant must timely file one of the followances the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance periods:	wing replies: (1) an amendment, affortice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in (fidavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)
a) [The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing	•		
b) 🔀	The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7	ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	g date of the final rejecti	ion.
have bee under 37 set forth may redi	ons of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date cen filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of example of the state of	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply orig r than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The appropr ginally set in the final Offi	iate extension fee ice action; or (2) as
fili a	ne Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comping the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exte Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed MENTS	ension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	o avoid dismissal of th	
3. 🔲 T	he proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection,	but prior to the date of filing a brief	, will <u>not</u> be entered b	ecause
•) They raise new issues that would require further co	•	TE below);	·
•	They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo	• •		41
(C	 They are not deemed to place the application in befappeal; and/or 	tter form for appeal by materially re	ducing or simplifying	the issues for
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a	corresponding number of finally rei	iected claims.	•
(-	NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).		,0000	
4. 🔲 т	The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1		ompliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).
_	Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)		•	,
6. 🔲 N	lewly proposed or amended claim(s) would be alon-allowable claim(s).	· -	timely filed amendme	ent canceling the
ho Th Cl	or purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) ow the new or amended claims would be rejected is prone status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: laim(s) allowed: laim(s) objected to:		Il be entered and an e	explanation of
CI	laim(s) rejected:			
	laim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
	VIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE	11 - C	(-4'	
be	ne affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but ecause applicant failed to provide a showing of good and as not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
9. 🔲 Th er	ne affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing ntered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to do nowing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appe	al and/or appellant fai	ils to provide a
	The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation	n of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attach	ned.
	ST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	Advan NOT also di a sa Parkan b		I
_ 5	The request for reconsideration has been considered bused Continuation Sheet.		n condition for allowal	nce because:
	Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).	(P10/SB/08) Paper No(s)	^	
13. 🔲 C	Other:		()	
			Brederick Warker Primary Examiner	
	•		Art Unit: 1762	

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: while the Examiner has fully considered and appreciates Applicants attention to detail in rebutting his positions, the arguments presented are not entirely convincing nor clear. Most importantly, the Examiner points out the DTA curve on page 3 of Remarks has no scale on the x-axis so it is impossible for him to ascertain if the melting point occurs in an interval of 2 degrees or 25 degrees. Further, it is unclear what PE is being shown: HDPE or LDPE. It is also not convincing that Jenett wants to prohibit melting (p.3, para. 2) but rather simply does not recognize or mention that it is occuring to cause fusion of the deposited PE material to the substrate in the permanent and inseparable manner cited in the patent (col. 5, 50-55). On page 5 of Remarks, Applicants appear to acknowledge that some melting occurs below a printed or conventionally accepted melting point (MP) value but notes Jenett does not refer to the melting point of the base. Nonetheless if the temperature suitably causes melting, it become irrelevant what it is called if the outcome or effect is the same, which appears to be the case in both the Jenett reference and Applicants' claims. Jenett expressly states there is fusion and fusion entails liquifying/ melting. See Attachments 1 & 2.

As to the argument mid-page 6 that the rejection should be one of anticpation 35 USC 102 rather than 35 USC 103, this argument is entirely without basis because the 35 USC 103 is necessiated by step (b) of independent claims which is the reason for introducing Hoopman and hence the reason for the obviousness rejection! The reason for the additional secondary references are spelled out in the rejections and have nothing to do with the melt temperature issue, as was never the Examiner's intention.

To Applicants' credit, they have shown that crystalline polymers such as PE have melt ranges which "are usually narrow", whatever "narrow" means. However, the attached references also note that materials are a mixture of crystalline and amorphous domains which will effect DTA curves. A review of claim 1 by the reader notes the claim merely requires polyethylene without further description such that it is unclear what is actually meant relative to arguments. According to the supplied Osborn reference, this may result in great variations in material/ melting behavior and DTA curves; see pages 14-15. Thus Applicants detailed and well-written arguments provide further food for thought, but they still do not convince this Examiner that Applicants claims provide a clear line of demarcation to establish patentability.